

The question mark is used to indicate a question.

For example: "What time is it?" Colon (:) The colon is used to introduce a list or to emphasize a

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point. For example: "There are three things I need from the store: milk, eggs, and bread."

Semicolon (;)

The semicolon is used to separate two independent clauses that are closely related. For example: "I have to work tonight; however, I'll be off tomorrow."

Quotation marks (")

Quotation marks are used to indicate direct speech or a quote. For example: "She said, I'll be there at 6:00."

> Apostrophe (') The apostrophe is used to indicate possession or to show the omission of letters. For example: "The cat's fur is soft." "Don't forget to bring your umbrella."

Hyphen (-) The hyphen is used to link words together or to indicate

a word break at the end of a line. For example: "well-Ellipsis (...) known" or "re-enter."

The ellipsis indicates that something has been left out of a quote or to show a pause in speech. For example: "She 10 said, 'I'm not sure...'" or "He said, 'I really love that movie, but...it's hard to explain."

Dash (--)

The dash is used to indicate a break in thought or to emphasize a point. For example: "The weather outside--it's terrible--is making me want to stay inside."

Parentheses (()

Parentheses are used to enclose extra information in a **12** sentence. For example: "John (who is my neighbor) is a doctor." **Slash (/) -**

The slash is used to indicate a choice between two options. For example: "Do you prefer chocolate/vanilla ice cream?"

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